

World War II and The Cold War

Name: _____.

You are expected to work in class each day. There will be at least 2-3 days when a video will be shown and no class work will be done. Each day is worth 5 participation points. You must write down work completed each day on the “WWII/Cold War Schedule” and have it checked off by the teacher in order to receive the points.

As you complete an item, turn it in for credit. You can turn items in in any order. On the last day, I will accept only **2** assignments plus the project for full credit. Therefore, it is to your benefit to work in class each day and turn in assignments as you complete them. This sheet will be marked by the teacher and turned in on the last day of the unit along with the schedule. Do not lose this sheet or the schedule as you will lose points!!!! *No partial work will be accepted!!!* Each item must be 100% completed or will be returned with no credit.

25 I. Define the following. You will need to use more than one sentence on several of the terms. Be sure to write the letter and term before the definition. *(all must be completed to receive credit)*

- | | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| a. fascism | j. Sept. 1, 1939 | s. kamikaze |
| b. fuhrer | k. Rhineland | t. D-day |
| c. Nazi Party | l. Nuremberg Laws | u. internment camps |
| d. <i>Mein Kampf</i> | m. blitzkrieg | v. Manhattan Project |
| e. Third Reich | n. Holocaust | w. Little Boy |
| f. Aryan | o. Luftwaffe | x. Fat Man |
| g. Appeasement | p. Gestapo | y. Hiroshima |
| h. Reichstag | q. RAF | z. Nagasaki |
| i. Genocide | r. December 7, 1941 | |

25 II. Identify the following people and their important role or contribution to WWII and Cold War history. You will need to use more than one sentence on several of the terms. Be sure to write the letter and the name before the definition. *(all must be completed to receive credit)*

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| a. Benito Mussolin | h. Chester W. Nimitz |
| b. Adolf Hitler | i. Isoroku Yamamoto |
| c. Winston Churchill | j. Robert Oppenheimer |
| d. Charles de Gaulle | k. Joseph Stalin |
| e. Franklin D. Roosevelt | l. Harry Truman |
| f. Erwin Rommel | m. Emperor Hirohito |
| g. Dwight D. Eisenhower | n. Nikita Khrushchev |

III. Maps

- 10** 1. Europe – complete the “World War II in Europe” map activity.
10 2. Asia and the Pacific – complete the “World War II in Asia and the Pacific” map activity
10 3. Postwar Europe – complete the “Postwar Europe” map activity.

15 **IV. Pre-World War II worksheet and graph**

10 **V. “The Holocaust” Table**

15 **VI. Post World War II worksheet**

VII. Crossword Puzzles

- 10 A. World War II - #1
- 10 B. World War II - #2
- 10 C. World War II/Cold War

VIII. Create your own project

- 50 You are to create your own **visual** project pertaining to World War II or the Cold War. This is the time to choose your own topic and create a visual from this era that interests YOU!!! I have generated a list of ideas but you are not limited to these. If you wish to do something other than what I have listed, check with me first.

Requirements:

1. The project must be a **visual** in the form of posters, charts, diagrams, models, photographic displays, slides, etc. You are limitless!!!
2. Of course, there may need to be some writing to explain the project but that must be neatly attached to the project.
3. You will be graded on quality, time and effort spent on the project.

Example: Battle of Iwo Jima

I would expect a narrative including the generals involved and U.S. strategy, a timeline of sorts, a colored diagram of the area showing Japanese defenses and how the U.S. gradually took the island. It would also have to include the famous “flag raising”.

200 TOTAL POSSIBLE POINTS + 5 pts. Daily for in-class work.

Create Your Own Project Ideas

Holocaust Timeline

Concentration Camps in Europe

One Concentration Camp

Military Insignias

Jewish Identifications in Camps

Japanese internment Camps

Hitler's Generals & Their Roles

Major Battle(s) of the war (limit to one area)

Allied/Axis Powers (relief map)

Hitler's Conquest of Europe (chronology)

German escape at Papago Park

Bombing of Pearl Harbor

Fat Man & Little Boy (dropping of)

War Planes (models/drawings)

Nuremberg Trials

Weaponry

Uniforms

Life on the Homefront

Navajo Code Talkers

Iwojima Flag Raising

Jewish Ghettos

Manhattan Project

Women's Role in Military

Women's Role at Home

African Campaign

History of the Swastika

Hiroshima/Nagasaki

Iron Curtain (relief map)

Partition of Berlin

Nazi War Criminals

World War II: Europe Map

Items of Importance:

1. Great Britain
2. Belgium
3. Sicily
4. Rhineland
5. France
6. Czech Republic
7. Slovakia
8. Sudetenland
9. Italy
10. Switzerland
11. Norway
12. Sweden
13. Poland
14. Finland
15. Spain
16. Portugal
17. Germany
18. Denmark
19. Luxembourg
20. Berlin
21. London
22. Paris
23. Sardinia
24. Mediterranean Sea
25. Netherlands
26. North Sea

World War II: Asia & the Pacific Map

1. Label the following locations:

- | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| a. USSR | h. Korea | o. Solomon Islands |
| b. China | i. Borneo | p. Aleutian Islands |
| c. India | j. Burma | q. Coral Sea |
| d. Indonesia | k. Sea of Japan | r. Japan |
| e. South China Sea | l. Philippine Sea | s. Formosa |
| f. Manchuria | m. French Indochina | t. Guam |
| g. Australia | n. Philippines | u. New Guinea |

2. Label the major Allied powers.

- a.) Make a *key* and color these nations.

3. Color the areas of land that come under Japanese control and *make a key*.

- a.) Outline the *extent of Japanese control* in the Pacific.

4. Locate, label with a battle sign such as an *, and make a key for the following:

- | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------|
| a. Iwo Jima | c. Midway | e. Guadalcanal |
| b. Okinawa | d. Pearl Harbor | f. Leyte Gulf |

5. Locate and label the following cities:

- | | | |
|-------------|--------------|------------|
| a. Tokyo | c. Hiroshima | e. Peking |
| b. Nagasaki | d. Hong Kong | f. Okinawa |

6. What was the immediate reason the U.S. entered World War II?

7. What was the strategy called to win back territory from the Japanese in the Pacific?

8. This battle was the turning point for the Allies in the Pacific.

9. Why did President Truman order the atomic bombs dropped on Japan?

World War II: Postwar Europe Map

1. Label the following countries:

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------|
| a. Iceland | h. Turkey | o. Finland | v. Spain |
| b. Portugal | i. France | p. Great Britain | w. Belgium |
| c. Netherlands | j. Norway | q. Denmark | x. Poland |
| d. East Germany | k. West Germany | r. Switzerland | y. Austria |
| e. Czechoslovakia | l. Yugoslavia | s. Albania | z. Greece |
| f. Hungary | m. USSR | t. Ireland | aa. Italy |
| g. Sweden | n. Bulgaria | u. Romania | |

2. What was the “iron curtain”? (be sure to define the regions!)

- Color and make a key of the European nations who became part of the “iron curtain”.
- Who coined the phrase “iron curtain”?

3. What does NATO stand for? What two Western Hemisphere countries joined NATO in 1949? What do NATO members pledge to do?

4. What was the “Warsaw Pact”?

- Make a key and color the Warsaw Pact nations.

5. What Communist country was not a member of the Warsaw Pact?

Pre-World War II Worksheet

Name: _____.

1. *What country had the first fascist government? What were the ideas of fascism and what did it “look” like?* _____

2. *According to the Nazis, what were the causes of Germany’s troubles?* _____

3. *What were the results of the Nazi Revolution?*

4. *What policy did Britain and France follow against Fascist aggression? Why?*

5. *What was France and Britain’s response to Hitler moving troops into the Rhineland and the taking of Austria, Czechoslovakia, and the Sudetenland?*

Name: _____

Period: _____

Holocaust Table

Study the table below and then answer the questions that follow.

Estimated Number of Jews Killed in the Holocaust

Countries	Percent of Jewish		Pre-Holocaust Population
	Pre-Holocaust Jewish Population	Number that Perished	
Poland	3,300,000	3,000,000	90
Soviet Union*	2,850,000	1,252,000	44
Hungary	650,000	450,000	90
Romania	600,000	300,000	50
Baltic States	253,000	228,000	90
Germany/Austria#	240,000	210,000	90
Czechoslovakia	180,000	155,000	89
The Netherlands	140,000	105,000	75
France	350,000	90,000	26
Greece	70,000	54,000	77
Belgium	65,000	40,000	60
Yugoslavia	43,000	26,000	60
Bulgaria	64,000	14,000	22
Italy	40,000	8,000	20
Other	16,800	1,900	11
Total	8,861,800	5,933,900	67

* In parts of the Soviet Union that were occupied by Germany, 65% of the Jews perished.
 # Austria was annexed by Germany in 1938.

1. What was the total Jewish population in Europe prior to the Holocaust? _____
 How many Jews perished as a result of the Holocaust? _____ What percentage of the Jewish population in Europe? _____
2. In which country was the Pre-Holocaust Jewish population largest? _____
 In which did the greatest number of Jews perish? _____
3. In which countries did the highest percentage of Jews perish? _____

 In which did more than half the Jews survive? _____
4. Why, do you think, were most of the death camps located in Eastern Europe? _____

Name: _____

Period: _____

German Unemployment

In this worksheet you will review the relationship between German unemployment and the rise of Nazism.

Use the graph and your text to answer the questions that follow.

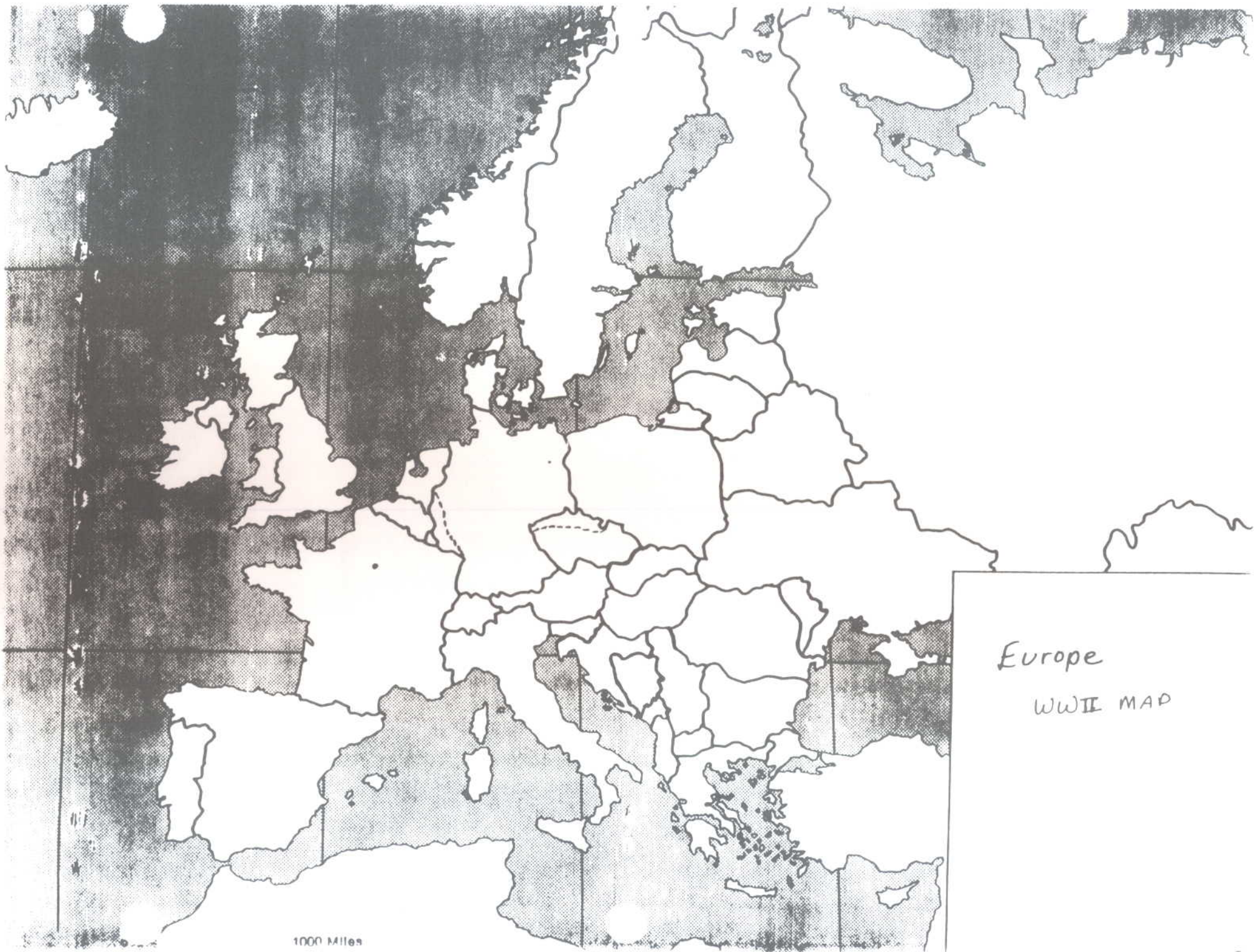


1. In what year shown on the chart was German unemployment highest? What percentage of the workforce was unemployed that year?

2. What political event happened in Germany in that year?

3. What happened to German unemployment during the four years that preceded its peak? What information from your text might explain this?

4. Explain the relationship between unemployment and the rise of Nazism.



1000 Miles

Europe

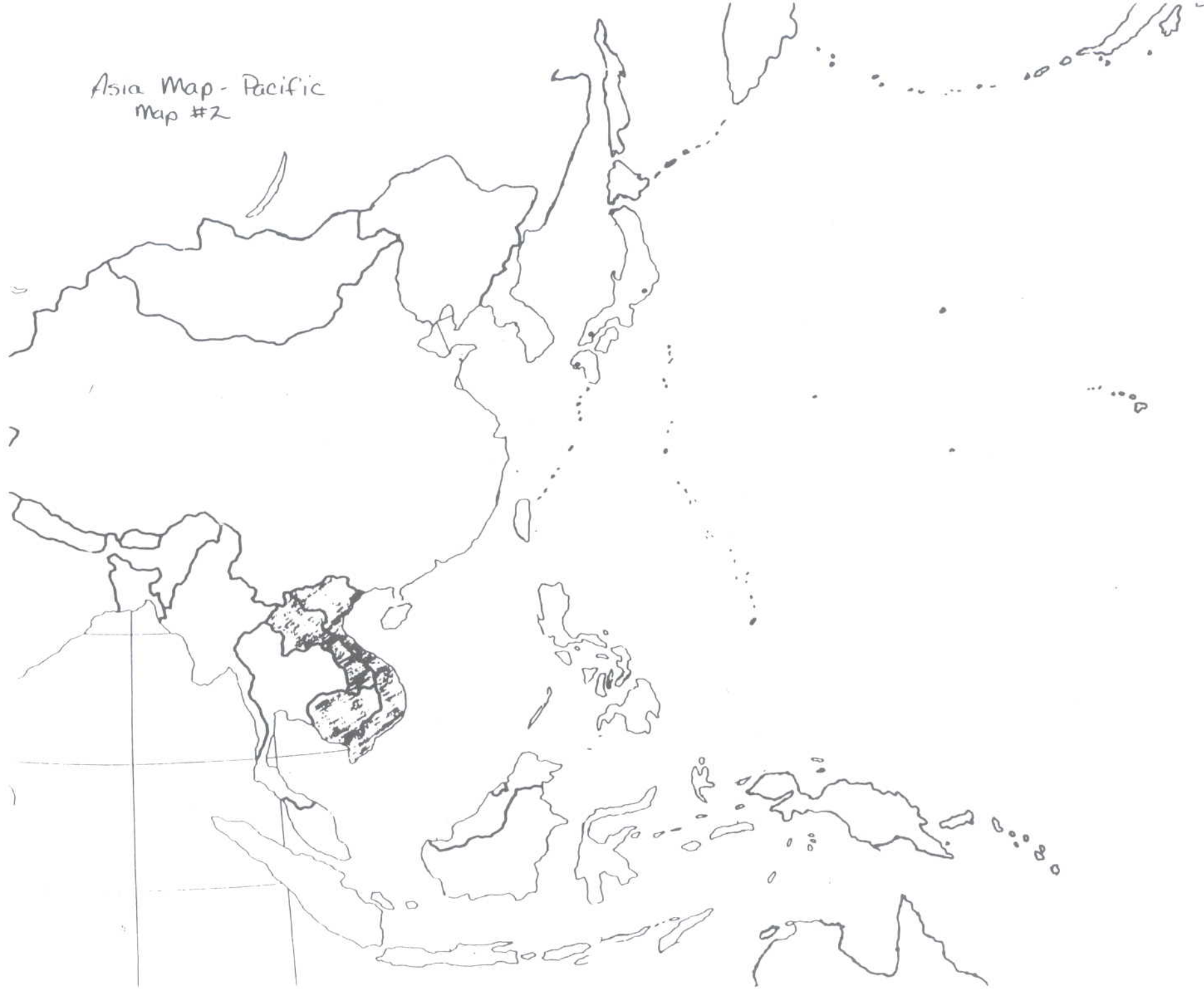
WWII MAP



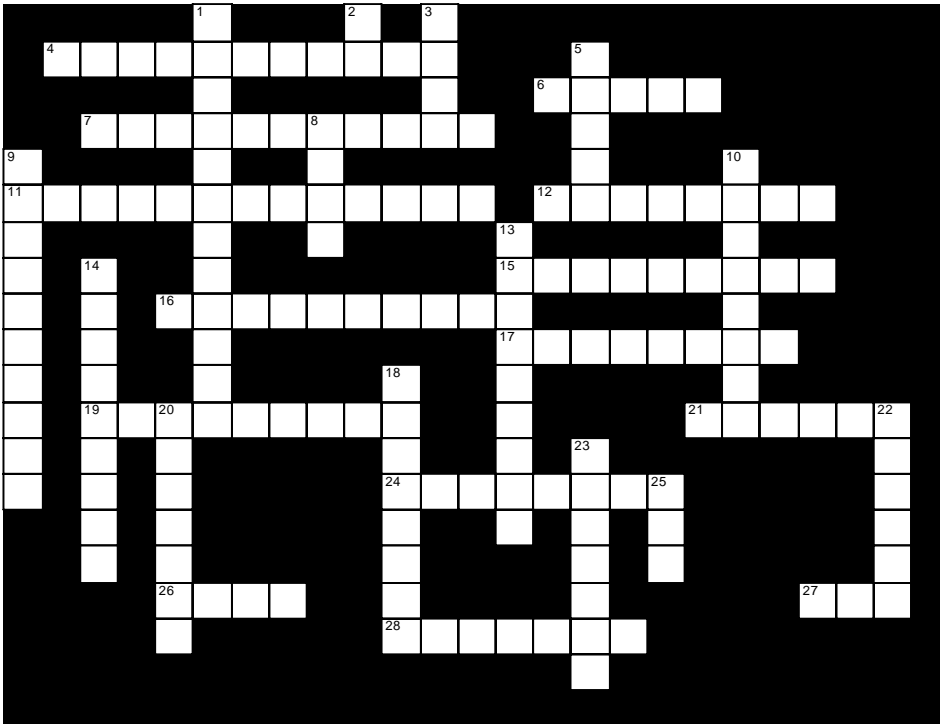
Europe: Political #3

Outline Map

Asia Map - Pacific
Map #2



World War II/Cold War



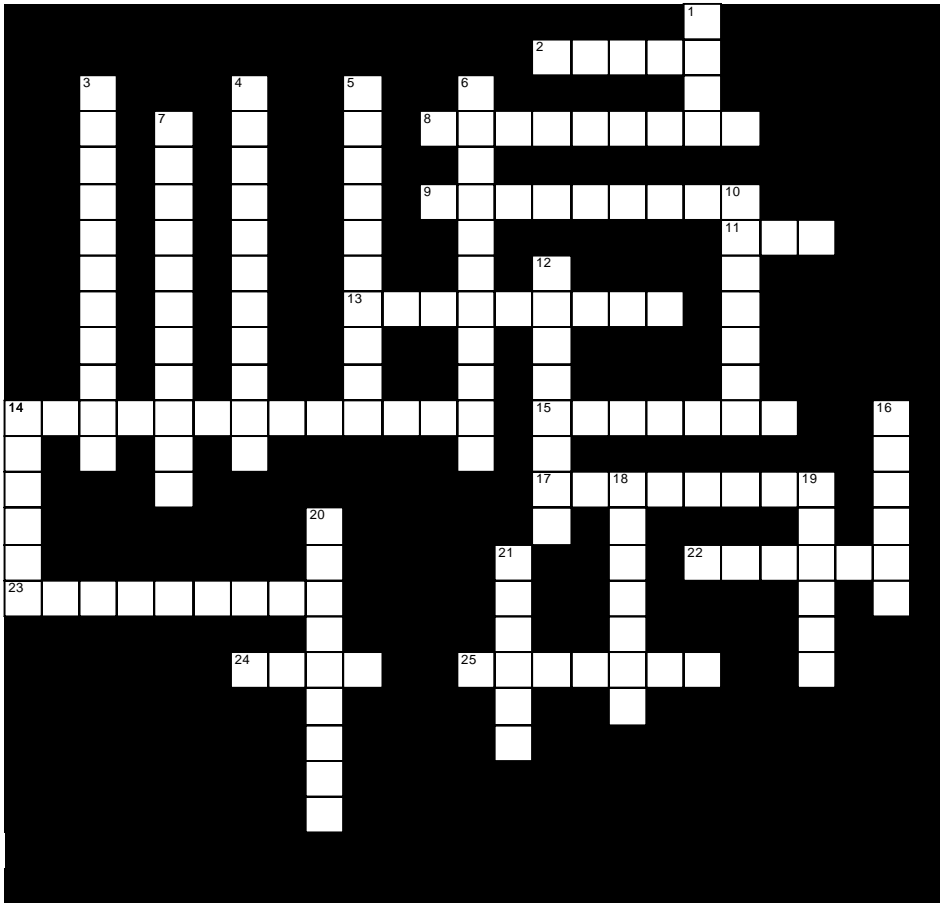
Down

1. One of the country's which controlled a part of Berlin after the war.
2. State that was the site of the first test of the new atom bomb.
3. The division that split democratic Western Europe and Communist East Europe. "-- Curtain"
5. Conference attended by Stalin , Churchill , and Roosevelt that decided Germany's postwar fate .
8. The U.S. joined this alliance in 1949. (abbr.)
9. The USSR demanded a -- along its western border to protect it from any future invasion.
10. Japanese suicide pilots.
13. A country whose policies are dictated or heavily influenced by another country.
14. The -- Trials put 22 Nazi leaders on trial for "crimes against humanity."
18. Jewish refugee from Nazi Germany who urged the building of the atom bomb.
20. The -- set up a blockade of West Berlin to starve it into submission.
22. This code, using the -- language, was never broken by the Axis powers.
23. The rivalry, neither true peace nor outright war, between the U.S. and the USSR after WWII.
25. Japan is called the " Land of the rising - - . "

Across

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. He directed the development of the atom bomb. 6. A new weapon of WWII 7. Policy of Truman and Churchill to stop any Soviet attempt to force communist rule in new areas. 11. Organization founded "to save succeeding generations from the scourge of war". 12. U.S. Economic plan of \$13 billion in food and goods to rebuild Europe. 15. One of the worst death camps used to murder Jews and other "undesirables". 16. Alliance between the USSR and other Eastern European countries after WWII. 17. Name of the B-29 bomber that dropped "Little Boy" on Hiroshima. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 19. Three leaders during WWII died in April, 1945-Hitler, Roosevelt and.. 21. --- Air Lift; aid was dropped to people who lived on the western side of this city. 24. After the war, Berlin was divided up into 4 --; each controlled by a different country. 26. Leader of communist Yugoslavia after the war. 27. Organization established by the U.N. to battle worldwide disease. (abbr.) 28. The atom bomb was the first example of a -- weapon. |
|---|--|

World War II #1



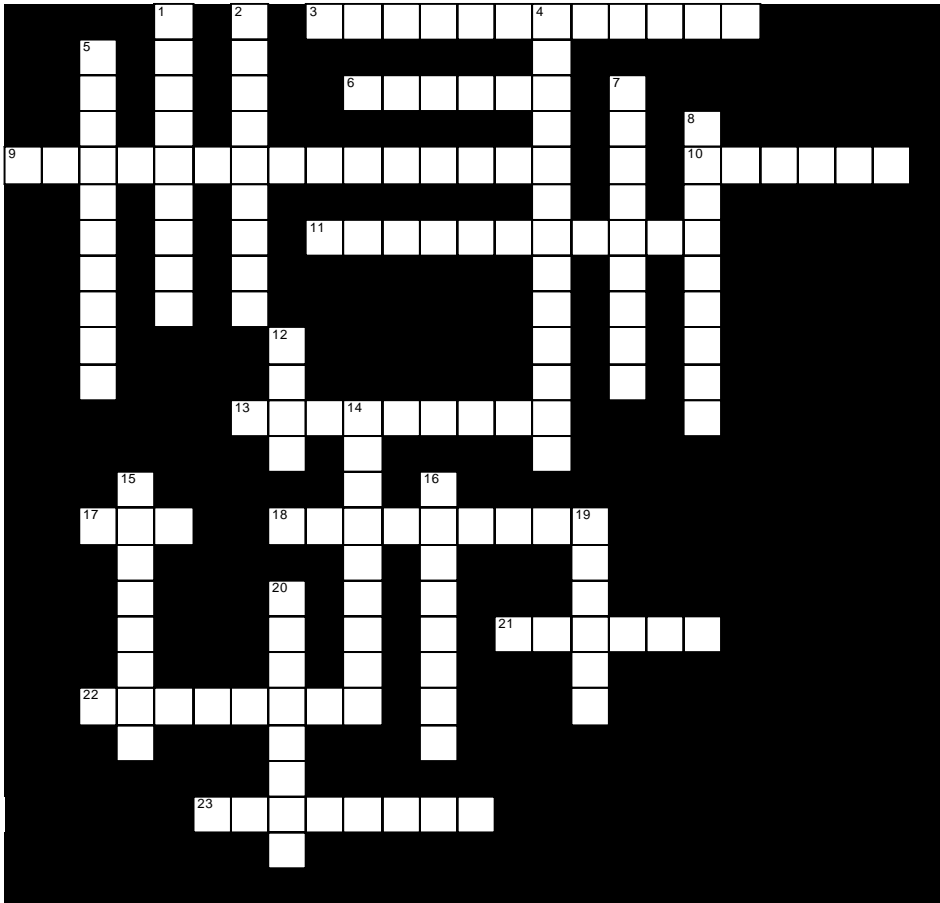
Down

1. In 1939, Germany and the -- signed a nonaggression pact which stunned the world.
3. Hitler believed his empire would last -- years.
4. The bombing of -- brought the U.S. into WWII.
5. Japanese Americans were placed in -- camps because Americans feared them.
6. To "appease" Hitler, he was given this part of Czechoslovakia.
7. Leader of Germany during WWII.
10. The USS -- was bombed and sunk on December 7, 1941
12. The -- considered their leader divine.
14. Title of the leader of the Nazi party.
16. Hitler's "master race" who would rule the world.
18. The first country that Hitler took over.
19. U.S., Britain, USSR, China and France.
20. The symbol of Japan's flag.
21. Germany took this country in September, 1939, which caused France and Britain to prepare for war.

Across

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Followers of Hitler. 8. These laws deprived German Jews of their citizenship. 9. Japan seized -- to obtain coal and iron fro its military machine. 11. This army won the Russian civil war. 13. While in jail, Hitler wrote --; his views about German superiority. 14. Hitler's plan for the total destruction of the Jewish people. 15. A country that does not take sides in a war. 17. Symbol of the Nazi party. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 22. Dictator of the USSR during WWII. 23. March 1936 , Hitler moved troops into this area on the French border violating the Versailles Treaty . 24. Hitler and Mussolini expected their alliance to become the -- around which an object rotates. 25. An extreme form of nationalism characterized by wearing of uniforms, salutes, and such. |
|--|---|

World War II #2



Down

1. Name of the first atom bomb dropped on civilians.
2. Leader of Italy during the war.
4. Allied strategy to regain territory lost to the Japanese in the Pacific.
5. Germany's "lighting war".
7. German Air Force.
8. Leader of Britain during WWII.
12. The Allied invasion of France in June 6, 1944.
14. The first atom bomb was dropped on this city on Aug. 6, 1945.
15. Like --, Hitler was unable to conquer Moscow.
16. The killing of an entire people.
19. U.S. president who ordered atom bombs dropped on Japan.
20. Battleship on which Japan signed their unconditional surrender.

Across

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. The Japanese were stopped at this island in June, 1942; west of Hawaii. 6. German general who was a genius at tank warfare. 9. Hitler's attempt to take England was called this. 10. Defeated, he committed suicide on April 30, 1945. 11. Supreme Allied commander in Europe. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 13. The secret project which developed the first atom bomb during WWII. 17. British Air Force (abbr.) 18. Leader of the U.S. during the war. 21. U.S. Commander-in-Chief in the Pacific. 22. The Battle of -- stopped the Japanese drive toward Australia. 23. Leader of Japan during WWII. |
|---|--|